

Lokální extrémy 2 proměnných

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + 3y^2 - 3xy - 9x + 15y + 5$$

1) $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{II) } \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} &= 2x - 3y - 9 \longrightarrow -3y + 2x - 9 = 0 & / \cdot 2 \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} &= 6y - 3x + 15 \longrightarrow \begin{cases} -6y + 4x - 18 = 0 \\ 6y - 3x + 15 = 0 \end{cases} \\ &\longrightarrow x - 3 = 0 \\ &\underline{x=3} \longrightarrow \underline{y=-1} \end{aligned}$$

III) Podlezná bod $[3, -1]$

$$\text{IV) } \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = 2 \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 6 \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = -3 = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} = -3$$

$$\text{Det}(3, -1) = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -3 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = 12 - 9 = 3 > 0$$

Lze rozhodnout

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} > 0 = \text{minimum}$$

V bodě $[3, -1, -14]$ je celé lokální minimum.